

Application Notes
on the
Atari Computer System Interface (ACSI)

The Atari Corporation
Sunnyvale, California
27 September 1985

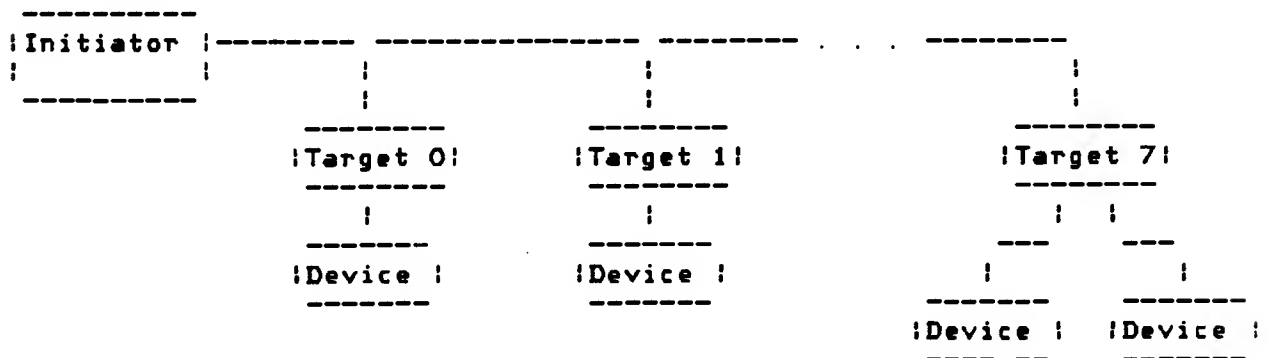
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THE SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT is limited to a set of rough application notes on the Atari Computer System Interface. This is a preliminary document and is subject to change without notice.

1. ACSI Bus

- o control signals and a bidirectional bus.
- o target does not receive a command and hold it pending controller ready -- an immediate DEVICE NOT READY error must be sent or the initiator will time out and assume controller nonexistent.
- o controller self test -- recalibrate, ram check, rom checksum, etc.
- o self test always performed following reset -- eliminates need for self test command.
- o initiator could time out (duration to be determined) on a command and reset the target.
- o once the status byte is returned the bus is free.
- o maximum eight bus ports.
- o data transfer rate is up to 8 Mbit/sec.

```
----- ACSI Bus Topology -----
```



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----- Control and Data Signals -----

Mnemonic	Name	Characteristics
_RST	Reset	TTL levels, active low.
A1	Address 1	TTL levels.
_IRQ	Interrupt Request	TTL levels, active low, 1 Kohm pullup on initiator side.
_CS	Chip Select	TTL levels, active low.
R/_W	Read/Write	TTL levels.
_DRQ	Data Request	TTL levels, active low, 1 Kohm pullup on initiator side.
_ACK	Acknowledge	TTL levels, active low.
DATA	Data Bus (0-7)	TTL levels.

----- Initiator ACSI Port Pin Assignments -----

INITIATOR	DB 19S	TARGET
	1 <--- Data 0 ----->	
	2 <--- Data 1 ----->	
	3 <--- Data 2 ----->	
	4 <--- Data 3 ----->	
	5 <--- Data 4 ----->	
	6 <--- Data 5 ----->	
	7 <--- Data 6 ----->	
	8 <--- Data 7 ----->	
	9 ---- Chip Select ----->	
	10 <--- Interrupt Request ----->	
	11 ---- Ground ----->	
	12 ---- Reset ----->	
	13 ---- Ground ----->	
	14 ---- Acknowledge ----->	
	15 ---- Ground ----->	
	16 ---- A1 ----->	
	17 ---- Ground ----->	
	18 ---- Read/Write ----->	
	19 <--- Data Request ----->	

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2. ACSI Compliance

2.1. Level 1

- o target will speak only when spoken to.
- o listen to bus during idle -- no disconnect.
- o abort initiator via interrupt.
- o abort target via reset -- software reset must be provided in initiator.
- o RESET HOLD TIME is 12 microseconds.
- o reset has highest bus priority.
- o reset cannot be asserted by a target whether active or inactive.
- o 100 milliseconds before initiator times out on target acknowledgement.
- o CAVEAT: if an initiator prematurely issues a command while the target is executing a command, then the results are unpredictable.
- o device driver in initiator will wait until status byte is returned -- otherwise time out (TBD) and reset target.
- o after receipt of command byte, transaction belongs to controller.
- o target has complete control of bus until status byte is returned.
- o each target should have a user select controller number.

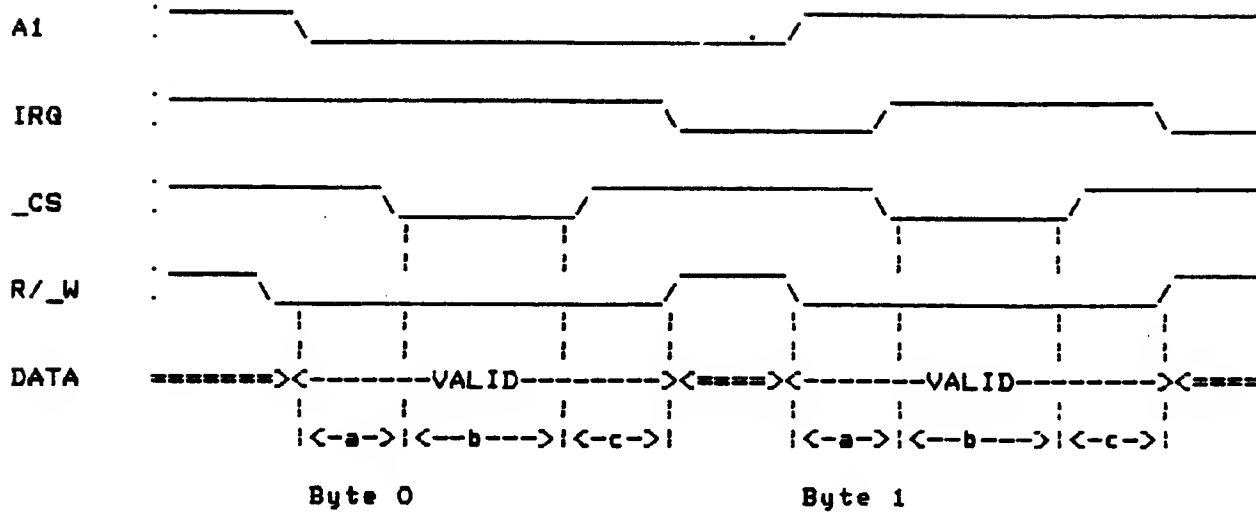
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-HARDWARE.

----- Command Phase -----

Data direction: FROM initiator TO target.



Timing

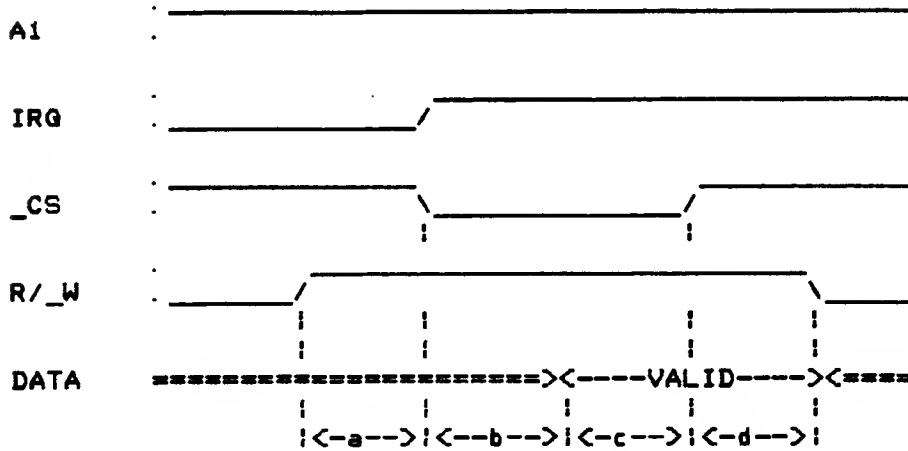
- a) 60 ns (max)
- b) 250 ns (max)
- c) 20 ns (max)

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----- Status Phase -----

Data direction: FROM target TO initiator.



Byte 0

Timing

- a) 50 ns (max)
- b) 150 ns (max)
- c) 100 ns (max)
- d) 80 ns (max)

SOFTWARE.

----- Controller Select Byte -----

Byte 0 :xxx-----!
|||

----- Controller Number

----- Completion Status Byte -----

Byte 0 :-----!

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2.2. Level 2

- o include Level 1.
- o TEST UNIT READY command is used as a poll.
- o NO ERROR is to be interpreted as controller ready.
- o DEVICE NOT READY is to be interpreted as controller not ready.

SOFTWARE.

----- Command Descriptor Byte -----

```

Byte 0  !xxxxxxx!
        !!!!!!!
        !!! ----- Operation Code
        ----- Controller Number

```

----- Command Summary Table -----

```

-----
! OpCode   ! Command                               !
-----
! 0x00     ! Test Unit Ready                         !
-----

```

----- Completion Status Byte -----

```

Byte 0  !xxxxxxx!
        !!!!!!!
        !!! ----- Error Code
        ----- Device Number

```

Device Errors

```

0x00  No Error
0x04  Device Not Ready

```

Miscellaneous Errors

```

0x30  Controller Self Test Failed

```

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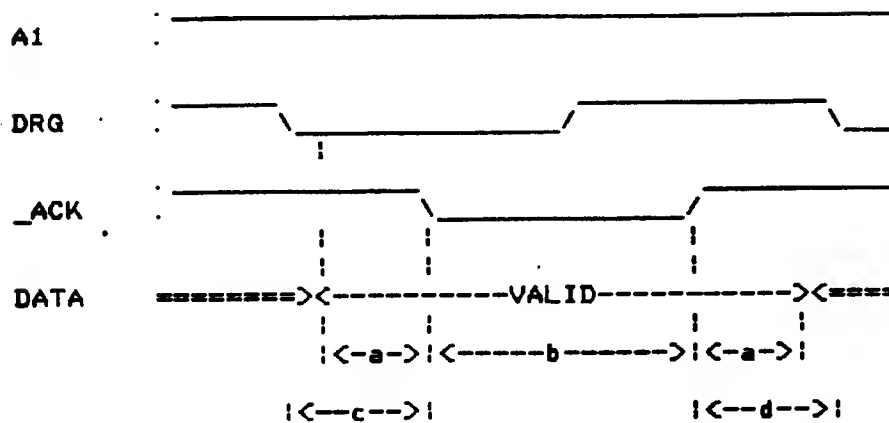
2.3. Level 3

o include Level 1 and Level 2.

HARDWARE.

----- Data Out Phase -----

Data direction: FROM initiator TO target.



Timing

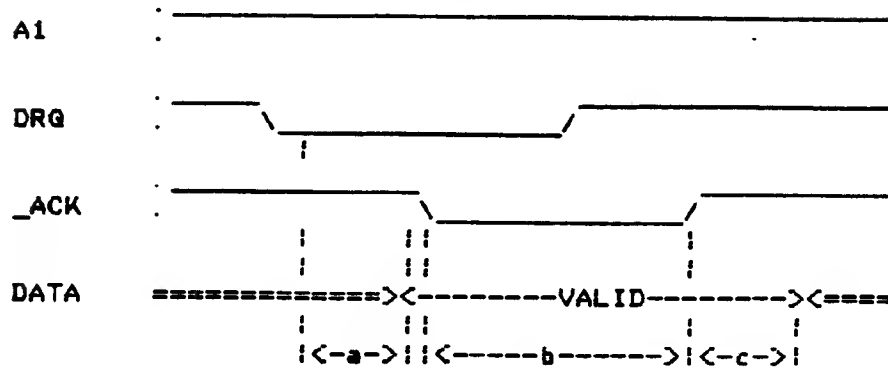
- a) 60 ns (max)
- b) 250 ns (max)
- c) 240 ns (max)
- d) 240 ns (min)

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----- Data In Phase -----

Data direction: FROM target TO initiator.



Timing

- a) 60 ns (max)
- b) 250 ns (max)
- c) 50 ns (min)

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SOFTWARE.

----- ACSI Command Descriptor Block -----

```
Byte 0 |xxxxxxxx|
      | | |
      | | | ----- Operation Code
      | | | ----- Controller Number
Byte 1 |xxxxxxxx|
      | | |
      | | | ----- Block Address High
      | | | ----- Device Number
Byte 2 |xxxxxxxx|
      | | |
      | | | ----- Block Address Mid
Byte 3 |xxxxxxxx|
      | | |
      | | | ----- Block Address Low
Byte 4 |xxxxxxxx|
      | | |
      | | | ----- Block Count
Byte 5 |xxxxxxxx|
      | | |
      | | | ----- Control Byte
```

----- Command Summary Table -----

OpCode	Command	
0x00	Test Unit Ready	
0x08	Read	*
0x0a	Write	*
0x0b	Seek	
0x1a	Mode Sense	

* multisector transfer with implied seek

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Command Errors

0x20 Invalid Command
0x21 Invalid Address
0x23 Volume Overflow
0x24 Invalid Argument
0x25 Invalid Device Number

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3. ACSI Initiator

- o must transfer data in 16 byte increment blocks.
- o must use ST BIOS system variable flock (see A Hitchhiker's Guide to the BIOS).

----- Initiator Handshake Sequence -----

- o load DMA Base Address Register.
- o toggle Write/_Read to clear status (DMA Mode Control Register).
- o select DMA read or write (DMA Mode Control Register).
- o select DMA Sector Count Register (DMA Mode Control Register).
- o load DMA Sector Count Register (DMA operation trigger).
- o select controller internal command register (DMA Mode Control Register).
- o issue controller select byte by clearing AO to 0.
- o set AO to 1 for remaining command bytes.
- o after last command byte select controller (DMA Mode Control Register).
- o DMA active until sector count is zero (DMA Status Register, do not poll during DMA active).
- o check DMA error status (DMA Status Register).
- o check controller status byte.

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```
loadable      equ      1          ; nonzero for loadable driver
```

```

*-----
*
*      ST SASI hard disk driver
*      (C)1985 Atari Corp.
*
*-----
*  9-Apr-1985 lmd      Hacked it up. "Gee, it seems to work ..."
* 14-Apr-1985 lmd      linked with BIOS (***FOR NOW***)
* 20-Apr-1985 lmd      hacked for WD controller (now, wired...)
* 24-Jun-1985 jwt      hacked for Adaptec, new kludge board
* 01-Jul-1985 jwt      seems to work, add more formatting and more
*                      detailed error reporting
* 22-Jul-1985 jwt      change timing of wdc/wdl at start of command,
*                      added extra move.w $B0,wdl to change A1
* 23-Jul-1985 jwt      use a move.l instruction for all wdc/wdl write
*                      pairs since it changes A1 quickly enough that
*                      the (old) DMA chip does not incorrectly
*                      generate two chip selects
*-----

```

```

flock          equ      $43e      ; FIFO lock variable
hdv_init       equ      $46a      ; hdv_init()
hdv_bpb        equ      $472      ; hdv_bpb(dev)
hdv_rw         equ      $476      ; hdv_rw(rw, buf, count, recno, dev)
hdv_boot       equ      $47a      ; hdv_boot()
hdv_mediach    equ      $47e      ; hdv_mediach(dev)
_drvbits       equ      $4c2      ; block device bitVector
_dskbufp       equ      $4c6      ; pointer to common disk buffer

nretries       equ      3          ; #retries-1

```

```

* ----- Installer -----
      .globl i_sasi
i_sasi: bra     i_sasi2

      dc.b      '@(#)ahdx v0.04', $0d, $0a, 0, $1A

```

```
* ----- Front End -----
```

```

**
* LONG hbpb(dev) - return ptr to BPB (or NULL)
*
* Passed:      dev      4(sp).W
*
*-
hbpb:
      move.w    4(sp), d0          ; d0 = devno
      move.l    0_bpb, a0         ; a0 -> pass-through vector

```

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```

        lea    _sasi_bpb(pc),a1        ; a1 -> our handler
        bra    check_dev              ; do it

**
* LONG rw(rw, buf, count, recno, dev)
*
* Passed:      dev      $(sp).W
*              recno    $(sp).W
*              count    $(sp).W
*              buf      6(sp).L
*              rw       4(sp).W
*
*-
hrw:
        move.w  $(sp),d0                ; d0 = devno
        move.l  o_rw,a0                 ; a0 -> pass-through vector
        lea     _sasi_rw(pc),a1         ; a1 -> our handler
        bra     check_dev              ; do it

**
* LONG mediach(dev)
*
* Passed:      dev      4(sp).W
*
*-
hmediach:
        move.w  4(sp),d0                ; d0 = devno
        move.l  o_mediach,a0            ; a0 -> pass-through vector
        lea     _sasi_mediach(pc),a1    ; a1 -> our handler

**
* check_dev - use handler, or pass vector through
*
* Passed:      d0.w = device#
*              a0 -> old handler
*              a1 -> new handler
*              a5 -> $0000 (zero-page ptr)
*
* Jumps-to:    (a1) if dev in range for this handler
*              (a0) otherwise
*
*-
check_dev:
        cmp.w   #2,d0                  ; devnos match?
        bne     chkd_f                  ; (no)
        move.l  a1,a0                   ; yes -- follow success vector
chkd_f:  jmp     (a0)                   ; do it

```

* ----- Medium level driver -----

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```

**
* _sasi_init - initialize SASI dev
* Passed:      nothing
* Returns:     d0 < 0: error
*              d0 == 0: success
* function performed by _hinit.... and the assembler won't
* let me have a forward reference here
*-
*      .globl _sasi_init
*_sasi_init: equ      _hinit

**
* _sasi_bpb - return BPB for hard drive
* Synopsis:   LONG _sasi_bpb(dev)
*              WORD dev;
*
* Returns:    NULL, or a pointer to the BPB buffer
*
*-
*      .globl _sasi_bpb
*_sasi_bpb:
*      move.l #thebpb,d0
*      rts

**
* _sasi_rw - read/write hard sectors
* Synopsis:  _sasi_rw(rw, buf, count, recno, dev)
*
* Passed:    dev      $(sp).W
*            recno    $c(sp).W
*            count    $a(sp).W
*            buf      6(sp).L
*            rw       4(sp).W      ; non-zero -> write
*-
*      .globl _sasi_rw
*_sasi_rw:
*      move.w #nretries,retrycnt      ; setup retry counter

sasrw1: moveq  #0,d0                    ; coerce word to long, unsigned
*      move.w $c(sp),d0                ; sect.L
*      move.w $a(sp),d1                ; count.W
*      move.l 6(sp),d2                 ; buf.L
*      move.w 4(sp),d3                 ; rw

*      clr.w -(sp)                     ; dev = 0
*      move.l d2,-(sp)                 ; buf
*      move.w d1,-(sp)                 ; count
*      move.l d0,-(sp)                 ; sect
*      tst.w d3                        ; read or write?
*      bne sasrw3                      ; (write)
*      bsr _hread                      ; read sectors
*      bra sasrw2

sasrw3: bsr _hwrite                    ; write sectors

```

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```

sasrw2: add.w    #12, sp        ; (cleanup stack)
        tst.l    d0            ; errors?
        beq      sasrw        ; no -- success
        subq.w   #1, retrycnt  ; drop retry count and retry
        bpl      sasrw1

```

```

sasrw: rts

```

```

**
* _sasi_mediach - see if hard disk media has changed (it never does)
* Synopsis:     _sasi_mediach(dev)
*               WORD dev;
*
* Returns:      OL
*
*--
        .globl  _sasi_mediach
_sasi_mediach:
        clr.l   d0
        rts

```

```

**
* BPB for 10MB drive
* Approximate only.  Tweak me.
*
*--
thebpb: dc.w     512            ; #bytes/sector
        dc.w     2             ; #sectors/cluster
        dc.w     1024          ; #bytes/cluster
        dc.w     16            ; rdlen (256 root files) (in sectors)
        dc.w     41            ; FATsiz (10300 FAT entries) (sectors)
        dc.w     42            ; 2nd FAT start
        dc.w     99            ; data start (in sectors)
        dc.w     10300         ; #clusters (approximate here)
        dc.w     1             ; flags (16-bit FATs)

```

* ----- Low-level driver -----

```

*----- Globals
flock      equ      $43e        ; FIFO lock variable
_hz_200    equ      $4ba        ; 200hz system ticker

```

```

*----- Hardware:
wdc        equ      $ff8604
wdl        equ      $ff8606
wdcwl      equ      wdc         ; used for long writes
dmahi      equ      $ff8609
dmamid     equ      dmahi+2

```

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```
malow      equ      dmamid+2
pip        equ      $fffa01
```

----- Tunable:

```
timeout      equ      $80000      , long-timeout
timeout      equ      $80000      , short-timeout
```

```

+
+ LONG _qdone() - Wait for operation complete
+ Passed:      nothing
+
+ Returns:     EQ: no timeout
+              MI: timeout condition
+
+ Uses:        DO
+
+
_qdone:
    move.l    #ltimeout,tocount
_qd1:    subq.l    #1,tocount      ; drop timeout count
        bmi     qdq              ; (i give up, return NE)
        move.b   gpip,d0         ; interrupt?
        and.b    #$20,d0
        bne     qd1              ; (not yet)

        moveq    #0,d0           ; return EQ (no timeout)
_qdq:    rts

```

```

+
+ WORD _endcmd()
+ Wait for end of SASI command
+ Passed:      d0 value to be written to wdl
+
+ Returns:     EQ: success (error code in DO.W)
+              MI: timeout
+              NE: failure (SASI error code in DO.W)
+
+ Uses:        d0,d1
+
+
_endcmd: move    d0,d1            ; preserve wdl value

        bsr     _qdone          ; wait for operation complete
        bmi     endce           ; (timed-out, so complain)

        move.w   d1,wdl
        nop
        move.w   wdc,d0         ; get the result
        and.w    #$00ff,d0      ; (clean it up), if non-zero should

        rts                    ; do a ReadSense command to learn more

```

```

+
+ _hinit(dev)

```

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```

* WORD dev;
* Initialize hard disk
*
* Returns:      -1 if hard disk not there
*
*--
        .globl  _sasi_init
_sasi_init:
_hinit:
        pea     actur                ; push test unit read command block add
        bsr     _dosahdxc
        addq.l   #4, sp
        rts

*--
* _hread(sectno, count, buf, dev)
* LONG sectno;      4(sp)
* WORD count;       8(sp)
* LONG buf;         $a(sp)  $b=high, $c=mid, $d=low
* WORD dev;         $e(sp)
*
* Returns:          -1 on timeout
*                   0 on success
*                   nonzero on error
*
*--
        .globl  _hread
_hread:
        st      flock                ; lock FIFO

        move    $$88, wdl
        move.l   $$0008008a, wdcwdl    ; 08 wdc, 8a wdl

        move.l   $a(sp), -(sp)        ; set DMA address
        bsr     _setdma
        addq     #4, sp

        bsr     _setss                ; set sector and size
        bmi     _hto

        move.w   $$190, wdl
        nop
        move.w   $$90, wdl
        nop
        move.w   8(sp), wdc            ; write sector count to DMA chip
        nop
        move.w   $$8a, wdl
        nop
        move.l   $$00000000, wdcwdl    ; control byte 0 wdc 0 wdl

        move.w   $$8a, d0
        bsr     _endcmd

hrx:    bra     _hdone                ; cleanup after IRQ

```

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```

*-
* _hwrite(sectno, count, buf, dev)
* LONG sectno;          4(sp)
* WORD count;           8(sp)
* LONG buf;             $a(sp)  $b=high, $c=mid, $d=low
* WORD dev;             $e(sp)
*
*-
        .globl _hwrite
_hwrite:
        st        flock                ; lock FIFO

        move.l    $a(sp), -(sp)        ; set DMA address
        bsr      _setdma
        addq      #4, sp

        move.w    #$88, wd1
        move.l    #$000a008a, wdcwd1    ; 0a wdc 8a wd1

        bsr      _setss
        bmi      _hto

        move.w    #$90, wd1
        nop
        move.w    #$190, wd1
        nop
        move.w    8(sp), wdc            ; sector count for DMA cr
        nop
        move.w    #$18a, wd1
        nop
        move.l    #$00000100, wdcwd1

        move.w    #$18a, d0
        bsr      _endcmd

hwx:     bra      _hdone                ; cleanup after IRQ

*+
* _wd_format - format WD hard disk
* Passed:      nothing
* Returns:     0, or -N
* Uses:        <...?..>
*
*-
        .globl _wd_format
_wd_format: lea    acfmt, a0            ; pick up pointer to the
        clr.w     d0
        st        flock                ; lock FIFO
        move.w    #$88, wd1
        move.b     (a0)+, d0            ; get the command byte
        swap      d0
        move.w    #$8a, d0
        move.l     d0, wdc              ; byte wdc 8a wd1

        moveq      #(5-1), d1           ; write remaining 5 byte

```

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```

nt1:    bsr      _qdone          ; (presumes only one unit)
        bmi     _hto
        move.b  (a0)+, d0       ; next byte of command
        swap    d0
        move.w  #$8a, d0
        move.l  d0, wdcwd1
        dbra    d1, fmt1

nt2:    btst     #5, gpip        ; wait (forever) for completion
        bne     fmt2

        move.w  wdc, d0         ; get the status
        andi.w  #$00FF, d0      ; only low byte is significant

        bra     _hdone         ; cleanup after IRQ

```

+
_wd_setup - setup parameters for WD hard disk

```

-
        .globl  _wd_setup
wd_setup:
        st      flock
        pea     adap_parms(pc)
        bsr     _setdma
        addq     #4, sp

        move.w  #$88, wdl
        move.l  #$0015008a, wdcwd1      ; mode select command 15 wdc 8a wdl

        bsr     _qdone
        bmi     wdx
        move.l  #$0000008a, wdcwd1
        bsr     _qdone
        bmi     wdx
        move.l  #$0000008a, wdcwd1
        bsr     _qdone
        bmi     wdx
        move.l  #$0000008a, wdcwd1
        bsr     _qdone
        bmi     wdx
        move.l  #$0016008a, wdcwd1      ; 22 bytes of parameters

        bsr     _qdone
        bmi     wdx
        move.w  #$90, wdl              ; reset the DMA chip
        nop
        move.w  #$190, wdl
        nop
        move.w  #$01, wdc              ; 1 sector of DMA (actually less)
        nop
        move.w  #$18a, wdl
        nop
        move.l  #$00000100, wdcwd1     ; control byte
        move.w  #$18a, d0              ; wdl value

```

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```

        bsr      _endcmd
wdx:    bra      _hdone

```

```

*--- parameters for 10MB WD
adap_parms: dc.b $00,$00,$00,$08,$00,$00,$00,$00,$00,$00
             dc.b  $02,$00,$01,$02,$62,$02,$01,$00,$01,$00,$00,$02

```

```

**
* LONG _dosahdxc( addr ) BYTE *addr;
*      do a simple (no DMA) ahdx command
*-
        .globl  _dosahdxc
_dosahdxc: movea.l 4(sp),a0                ; pick up pointer to the command block
        clr.w   d0
        st      flock                     ; lock FIFO
        move.w  #$88,wdl
        move.b  (a0)+,d0                  ; get the command byte
        swap    d0
        move.w  #$8a,d0
        move.l  d0,wdcwdl                 ; send it to the controller

        moveq   #(5-1),d1                 ; write remaining 5 bytes of command
dosaci: bsr     _qdone                     ; (presumes only one unit)
        bmi     _hto
        move.b  (a0)+,d0                  ; next byte of command
        swap    d0
        move.w  #$8a,d0
        move.l  d0,wdcwdl
        dbra    d1,dosaci

        bsr     _qdone                     ; wait for the command to complete
        bmi     _hto

        move.w  wdc,d0                    ; get the status
        andi.w  #$00FF,d0                 ; only low byte is significant

        bra     _hdone                    ; cleanup after IRQ

```

```

**
* void _setdma(addr)
* LONG addr;
*-
_setdma:
        move.b  7(sp),dmalow
        move.b  6(sp),dmamid
        move.b  5(sp),dmahi
        rts

```

```

**
* WORD _setss -- set sector number and number of sectors
*-
_setss: move.w  #$8a,wdl

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```

        bsr      _qdone
        bmi      setsse

        move.b   9(sp), d0
        move.b   $(sp), d1
        lsl.b    #5, d1
        or.b     d1, d0
        swap     d0
        move.w   #$008a, d0
        move.l   d0, wdcwdl
        bsr      _qdone
        bmi      setsse

        move.b   10(sp), d0
        swap     d0
        move.w   #$008a, d0
        move.l   d0, wdcwdl
        bsr      _qdone
        bmi      setsse

        move.b   11(sp), d0
        swap     d0
        move.w   #$008a, d0
        move.l   d0, wdcwdl
        bsr      _qdone
        bmi      setsse

        move.w   12(sp), d0
        swap     d0
        move.w   #$008a, d0
        move.l   d0, wdcwdl
        bsr      _qdone

setsse: rts

_hcto:   moveq    #-1, d0
_hdone:  move.w   #$80, wdl
        nop
        tst.w    wdc
        clr      flock
        rts

savssp:  dc.l     1
tocount: dc.l     1
retrycnt: dc.w    1
o_init:  dc.l     1
o_bpb:   dc.l     1
o_rw:    dc.l     1
o_mediach: dc.l   1

i_sasi2: nop

ifne loadable
        clr.l    -(sp)
        move.w   #$20, -(sp)
        trap     #1

```

; wait for controller to take command
 ; construct sector#
 ; ORed with devno
 ; write MSB sector# + devno
 ; write MidSB sector#
 ; write LSB sector#
 ; write sector count
 ; indicate timeout
 ; Landon's code seems to presume we
 ; put this back to \$80
 ; NOW, signal that we are done
 ; (saved SSP)
 ; timeout counter
 ; retry counter
 ; it's a bird...
 ; ... it's a plane ...
 ; ... no, its:

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```

        addq    #6, sp                ; SOUPERUSER!
        move.l  d0, savssp            ; "Faster than a prefetched opcode..."
endc

        bsr     _sasi_init            ; kick controller
        tst.w   d0
        bne     isase                 ; punt -- disk didn't respond correctly

        clr.l   d0
        or.l    _drvbits, d0          ; include C: bit in devVector
        or.l    #$4, d0
        move.l  d0, _drvbits

        clr.l   a5                    ; zeropage ptr
        move.l  hdv_bpb(a5), o_bpb    ; save old vectors
        move.l  hdv_rw(a5), o_rw
        move.l  hdv_mediach(a5), o_mediach

        move.l  #hbp, hdv_bpb(a5)    ; install our new ones
        move.l  #hrw, hdv_rw(a5)
        move.l  #hmediach, hdv_mediach(a5)

isasq:  nop                          ; stupid assembler

ifne loadable
        move.l  savssp, -(sp)         ; become a mild mannered user process
        move.w  #$20, -(sp)
        trap    #1
        addq    #6, sp
endc

ifne loadable
        move.w  #0, -(sp)             ; exit code
        move.l  #((i_sasi2-i_sasi)+$0100), -(sp) ; save code, data, & basepage
        move.w  #$31, -(sp)          ; terminate and stay resident
        trap    #1                   ; should never come back...
endc

        rts

isase:   lea     nodmsg, a0
        bsr     msg

ifne loadable
        move.l  savssp, -(sp)         ; become a mild mannered user process
        move.w  #$20, -(sp)
        trap    #1
        addq    #6, sp
endc

        move.w  #1, -(sp)             ; flag error status
        move.w  #$4c, -(sp)          ; terminate
        trap    #1

msg:     move.l  a0, -(sp)
        move.w  #9, -(sp)            ; print null terminated string

```

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```
        trap      #1
        addq.l    #6, sp
        rts

actur:   dc.b     0,0,0,0,0,0          ; atari command: test unit ready
acfmt:   dc.b     4,0,0,0,1,0          ;                format disk

nodmsg:  dc.b     'No AHDX disk response.', $0d, $0a, 0
        .even
        end
```

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